INTERNATIONAL SUMMIT OF MODERATE ISLAMIC LEADERS (ISOMIL)

NAHDLATUL ULAMA DECLARATION

پسَم ال‌الٰه الرَّحْمٌن الرَّحِيمٍ

وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا إِلّا رَحْمَةٍ لِّلْعَالَمِينَ (الأنبياء: 107)

“And We sent you (Muhammad) for no purpose other than to be a blessing for all creation.”
(QS. Al-Anbiya’: 107)

وَلَقَدْ كَرَّمْنَا بِي نَيْ آدَمَ وَحَمَّلْنَاهُمِ فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحِرِ وَرُفَقَانَهُم مِّنَ الطَّيَابَاتِ وَفَضْلَانَاهُمْ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ مَعْلُومٍ خَلْقًا كُلُّيًا

(الإسراء: 70)

“We have honored the children of Adam and carried them by land and sea; We have provided good sustenance for them and favored them specially above many of those we have created.”
(QS. Al-Isra’: 70)

وَمَا جَعَلْ عَلَيْكُمُ الْكَرَّةَ مِنْ ذَٰلِكَ الْخَلْقِ (الحج: 87)

“And He has laid no hardship upon you in [anything that pertains to] religion.”
(QS. Al-Hajj: 78)

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَمْ يُضْرِبْ لَكُمْ مَكَارِمَ الْخَلْقِ (رواه البهتري)

“I have been sent only to perfect moral character and virtue.”
(Hadith, Sunan Al-Baihaqi)

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَمْ يُضْرِبْ لَكُمْ مَكَارِمَ الْخَلْقِ، وَلَكِنْ يُضْرِبْ لَكُمْ مُّطَّرَدًا مَّيْسَرًا (رواه مسلم)

“God did not send me (Muhammad) in order to create difficulties for his servants. Rather, He sent me as a guide who eases [the path to God].”
(Hadith, Sahih Muslim).

الْمُسْلِمٌ مَّنْ سَبِيلَ الْنَّاسِ مِنْ لِسَانِ وَنَسْأَلَ وَأَزْوَاجَهُ مَنْ أَمْشِيَ النَّاسَ عَلَى دِينَهُمْ وَأَمْوَالَهُمْ (رواه النسائي)

“A true muslim is one who does not injure any human being, either verbally or physically; a believer is one who makes others feel secure in their lives and property.”
(Hadith Sunan An-Nasai)
“In truth, God loves gentleness in all things.” (Muttafaq ‘Alaih)

“God loves those who love their fellow creatures. Embrace all inhabitants of the earth with loving compassion, so that those who dwell in the heavens will love you.” (Hadith Sunan At-Tirmidzi)

In regard to this tradition, Ibn Batththal said: “This hadith strongly encourages loving and compassionate behavior towards all creatures, whether believers or infidels, domesticated animals or wild beasts, and this includes a personal commitment to provide food and drink (to those in need), to lighten others’ burden, and to avoid committing violence against any other creature.” (Ibn Hajar al-Asqalani, Fath al-Bari bi Syarhi Shahih al-Bukhari, Beirut, Lebanon: Dar al-Ma‘rifah, 1379 H, chapter XI, p. 440)

“As is universally acknowledged, human beings are inherently social creatures, mingling with others; for no one can fulfill his or her every need by acting alone. Willing or not, every person must interact socially, which interaction should ideally contribute to the well-being of all other members of society while preserving them from danger.

“The unity of human hearts, and minds, as people help one other achieve a common goal, is the most important source of human happiness and the strongest factor inducing human beings to love one another.

“Because of this principle, many nations have become prosperous. Servants have become rulers, fostering widespread development. Nations have become advanced; the rule of law enforced; transportation networks constructed, enabling economic and cultural exchange to flourish. Countless other benefits arise from social unity, for social unity is the highest virtue and most powerful instrument for promoting the common good.” (Rais Akbar Jamiyah Nahdlatul Ulama Hadratus Syaikh Hasyim Asy’ari, Muqaddimah Qonun Asasi)
The Nahdlatul Ulama hosted an “International Summit of Moderate Islamic Leaders” (ISOMIL) from 9 to 11 May, 2016 in Jakarta, Indonesia. After extensive consultation and discussion with numerous experts in a variety of related fields who participated in the Summit, Nahdlatul Ulama has determined to promulgate “The Nahdlatul Ulama Declaration,” as follows:

1. Nahdlatul Ulama offers the insights and experience of Islam Nusantara (East Indies Islam) to the world, as a salutary paradigm of Islam in which religion contributes to civilization, by respecting pre-existing cultures and prioritizing social harmony and peace.

2. Nahdlatul Ulama does not seek to “export” Islam Nusantara to other regions of the world. Rather, it is simply inviting others to recall the beauty and dynamism that emerged from the historic encounter of the spirit and teachings of Islam with the reality of local cultures throughout the world, which gave birth to numerous great civilizations, including that of the East Indies, or Malay, Archipelago.

3. Islam Nusantara is not a new or distinct religion. Rather, it is the expression of Islam that spontaneously flourished amid the culture of Nusantara, and does not conflict with Islamic shari’a, as understood, taught and practiced by the traditional ahlussunnah wal jamaah (Sunni Muslim) community worldwide.

4. From the perspective of Islam Nusantara, no conflict exists between religion and nationalism. Hubul watan minal iman: “Patriotism is integral to faith.” Whoever lacks patriotism either has no native land, or is devoid of attachment to it. Those who lack a native land will be devoid of history.

5. Within the worldview of Islam Nusantara, Islam does not enjoin its adherents to conquer the world, but rather, to engage in the continuous development of akhlaqul karimah, or noble character and virtue, for it is only through akhlaqul karimah that Islam can manifest as Divine Grace for all creation.

6. Islam Nusantara firmly adheres to, and enlivens, the fundamental teachings and values of Islam, including tawassuth (following the middle path, i.e., the path of moderation), tawaazun (balance; harmony), tasaamuh (gentle and loving rather than harsh and violent behavior, i.e., tolerance rather than compulsion) and i’tidaal (justice).

7. As the world’s largest ahlussunnah wal jamaah (Sunni Muslim) organization, the Nahdlatul Ulama shares the concern felt by the vast majority of the world’s Muslims,
and non-Muslims, about the unchecked spread of religious extremism, terror, conflict in the Middle East and a rising tide of Islamophobia in the West.

8. The Nahdlatul Ulama regards specific modes of interpreting Islam (tafsir) as the most significant factor causing the spread of religious extremism among Muslims.

9. For many decades past, various governments in the Middle East have exploited religious differences, and a history of enmity between sects, without regard to the consequences thereof for humanity at large. By “weaponizing” sectarian differences, these governments have sought to exercise both soft and hard power, and exported their conflict to the entire world. These sectarian propaganda campaigns have deliberately nurtured religious extremism, and stimulated the spread of terrorism throughout the world.

10. This spread of religious extremism, and terrorism, is directly contributing to the rise of Islamophobia throughout the non-Muslim world.

11. Certain governments in the Middle East derive their political legitimacy from precisely those problematic interpretations of Islam that underlie and animate religious extremism and terror. These governments need to develop an alternate source of political legitimacy if the world is to overcome the threat of religious extremism and terror.

12. The Nahdlatul Ulama is prepared to help in this effort.

13. The realities of economic and political injustice also contribute to the spread of religious extremism and terror. Mass poverty and injustice are often cited to legitimate the propaganda narrative of extremist and terrorist groups—both to justify their existence and to render more attractive, to others, the illusory future they promise to create through their actions. Thus, the issues of poverty and injustice cannot be divorced from any comprehensive effort to address religious extremism and terrorism.

14. Although the widespread conflicts that afflict countless human beings in the Middle East may appear to be nearly insolvable, we should not turn our backs to the problem, nor abandon those who are suffering. The Nahdlatul Ulama urges the Indonesian government to play an active and constructive role in seeking a resolution to the multi-faceted conflicts raging in the Middle East.

15. The Nahdlatul Ulama calls upon people of goodwill of every faith and nation to join in building a global consensus not to politicize Islam, and to marginalize those who would exploit Islam in such a way as to harm others.
16. The Nahdlatul Ulama will strive to consolidate the global *ahlusunnah wal jamaah* (Sunni Muslim) community, in order to bring about a world in which Islam, and Muslims, are truly beneficent and contribute to the well-being of all humanity.

Jakarta, 10 May 2016

**NAHDLATUL ULLAMA CENTRAL BOARD**

[Signatures and titles of board members]